

Don't miss this important meeting, coming soon to your area ...

BIPOLAR DEPRESSION IN ADULTS: PRESENTATION, DIAGNOSIS, AND TREATMENT

EVENT DETAILS

Presented by:

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Date:

Thursday, September 19, 2019

Time:

6:30 PM

Location:

Jina Yoo's Asian Bistro
2200 Forum Boulevard, Suite 108
Columbia, MO 65203
573-446-5462

Meeting Code:

41409

Sunovion Representative:

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IN THE PRIMARY CARE SETTING

This promotional, non-CME program is intended only for health care professionals involved in the treatment of adult patients with bipolar disorder.

GET AN UPDATE ON:

- The impact of bipolar depression in primary care
- Key diagnostic and management challenges
- Clinical trials data on an approved treatment option

Seating is limited, so register now.

Enter the provided meeting code at
www.sunovionmeetings.com

Registration is preferred. Please note: This program is subject to cancellation if fewer than 3 health care professionals are in attendance. For additional program information, call (866) 801-0824; reference the provided meeting code.

INDICATIONS

Latuda® (lurasidone HCl) is indicated for monotherapy treatment of adult and pediatric patients (10 to 17 years) with major depressive episode associated with bipolar I disorder (bipolar depression) and adjunctive treatment with lithium or valproate in adult patients with bipolar depression.

The effectiveness of LATUDA for longer-term use, that is, for more than 6 weeks, has not been established in controlled studies. Therefore, the physician who elects to use LATUDA for extended periods should periodically reevaluate the long-term usefulness of the drug for the individual patient.

The efficacy of LATUDA in the treatment of mania associated with bipolar disorder has not been established.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION FOR LATUDA

Suicidal Thoughts and Behaviors

Antidepressants increased the risk of suicidal thoughts and behavior in pediatric and young adults in short-term studies. Closely monitor all antidepressant-treated patients for clinical worsening, and for emergence of suicidal thoughts and behaviors.

Please see additional Important Safety Information, including **Boxed Warning**, and accompanying [full Prescribing Information](#).

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Attendees will have the option to accept the Sunovion-provided food and beverage service or opt out of all food and beverage.

 **Latuda**[®]
(lurasidone HCl)

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IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION AND INDICATIONS FOR LATUDA

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Contraindications:

LATUDA is contraindicated in the following:

- Known hypersensitivity to lurasidone HCl or any components in the formulation. Angioedema has been observed with lurasidone
- Strong CYP3A4 inhibitors (e.g., ketoconazole)
- Strong CYP3A4 inducers (e.g., rifampin)

Cerebrovascular Adverse Reactions, Including Stroke: In clinical trials, elderly patients with dementia randomized to risperidone, aripiprazole, and olanzapine had a higher incidence of stroke and transient ischemic attack, including fatal stroke. LATUDA is not approved for the treatment of patients with dementia-related psychosis.

Neuroleptic Malignant Syndrome (NMS): NMS is a potentially fatal symptom complex reported with administration of antipsychotic drugs. Clinical signs of NMS are hyperpyrexia, muscle rigidity, altered mental status, and evidence of autonomic instability. Additional signs may include elevated creatine phosphokinase, myoglobinuria (rhabdomyolysis), and acute renal failure. Manage NMS with immediate discontinuation of antipsychotic drugs, including LATUDA, intensive symptomatic treatment and monitoring.

Tardive Dyskinesia (TD): The risk of developing TD (a syndrome of abnormal involuntary movements) and the potential for it to become irreversible are believed to increase as the duration of treatment and total cumulative dose of antipsychotic increase. The syndrome can develop, although much less commonly, after relatively brief treatment periods at low doses or may even arise after discontinuation of treatment. The syndrome may remit, partially or completely, if antipsychotic treatment is withdrawn.

Metabolic Changes: Atypical antipsychotic drugs have caused metabolic changes, including:

Hyperglycemia and Diabetes Mellitus: Hyperglycemia, in some cases extreme and associated with ketoacidosis or hyperosmolar coma or death, has been reported in patients treated with atypical antipsychotics. Patients with diabetes should be regularly monitored for worsening of glucose control; those with risk factors for diabetes should undergo fasting blood glucose testing at the beginning of and periodically during treatment. Any patient treated with atypical antipsychotics should be monitored for symptoms of hyperglycemia, including polydipsia, polyuria, polyphagia, and weakness. Patients who develop symptoms of hyperglycemia should undergo fasting blood glucose testing. In some cases, hyperglycemia has resolved when the atypical antipsychotic was discontinued; however, some patients required continuation of anti-diabetic treatment despite discontinuation of the suspect drug.

Dyslipidemia: Undesirable alterations in lipids have been observed in patients treated with atypical antipsychotics.

Weight Gain: Weight gain has been observed with atypical antipsychotic use. Clinical monitoring of weight is recommended.

Hyperprolactinemia: As with other drugs that antagonize dopamine D₂ receptors, LATUDA elevates prolactin levels. Galactorrhea, amenorrhea, gynecomastia, and impotence have been reported in patients receiving prolactin-elevating compounds.

Leukopenia, Neutropenia, and Agranulocytosis: Leukopenia/neutropenia has been reported with antipsychotics. Agranulocytosis (including fatal cases) has been reported with other agents in the class. Monitor complete blood count in patients with a pre-existing low white blood cell count (WBC)/absolute neutrophil count (ANC) or a history of drug-induced leukopenia/neutropenia. Discontinue LATUDA at the first sign of a decline in WBC in the absence of other causative factors.

Orthostatic Hypotension and Syncope: Atypical antipsychotics cause orthostatic hypotension and syncope. Generally, the risk is greatest at the beginning of treatment and when increasing dose. Monitor patients vulnerable to hypotension and those with cardiovascular and cerebrovascular disease.

Falls: Antipsychotics may cause somnolence, postural hypotension, or motor and sensory instability, which may lead to falls, causing fractures or other injuries. For patients with disease, conditions, or medications that could exacerbate these effects, complete fall risk assessments when initiating treatment and recurrently during therapy.

Seizures: LATUDA should be used cautiously in patients with a history of seizures or with conditions that lower seizure threshold.

Potential for Cognitive and Motor Impairment: Patients should be cautioned about operating hazardous machinery, including motor vehicles, until they are reasonably certain that therapy with LATUDA does not affect them adversely.

Body Temperature Regulation: Use LATUDA with caution in patients who may experience conditions that increase body temperature (e.g., exercising strenuously, exposure to extreme heat, concomitant medication with anticholinergic activity, or being subject to dehydration).

Dysphagia: Antipsychotics, including LATUDA, have been associated with esophageal dysmotility and aspiration, and should be used with caution in patients at risk for aspiration pneumonia.

Most Commonly Observed Adverse Reactions: The most commonly observed adverse reactions (≥5% incidence and at least twice the rate of placebo) for LATUDA:

- In adult patients: akathisia, extrapyramidal symptoms, and somnolence
- In pediatric patients (10 to 17 years): nausea, weight increase, and insomnia

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Sunovion Pharmaceuticals Inc. at 877-737-7226 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 (www.fda.gov/medwatch).

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Before prescribing LATUDA, please read the accompanying [full Prescribing Information](#), including **Boxed Warning**.

Sunovion Pharmaceuticals Inc. is committed to the principles in the PhRMA Code on Interactions with Healthcare Professionals. This code helps to ensure that the highest professional and ethical standards are being met in the pharmaceutical industry. As part of our commitment to the PhRMA code, please note that attendance at this program is limited to health care professionals, and inclusion of spouses or other guests is not permitted.

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